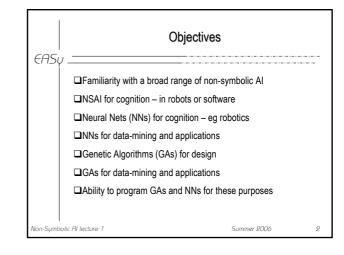
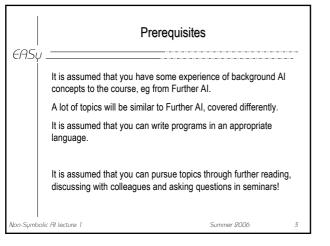
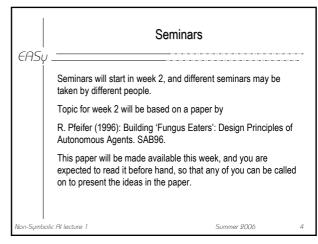
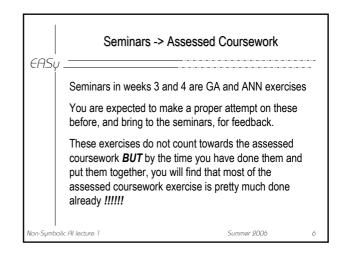
Example 1 Non-Symbolic AI – Summer 2006   Example 2 Example 2   Lecturer: Inman Harvey PEV2 rm 5C12 x8431   inmanh@susx.ac.uk Inmanh@susx.ac.uk				
	□Tue 11:00 Thu 16:00 Fri 9:0 Seminars – split into groups – st			
	□Thu 09:00 in PEV1-1A3 □Fri 14:00 in PEV1-1A1			
Non-Symb	olic Al lecture 1	Summer 2006	1	

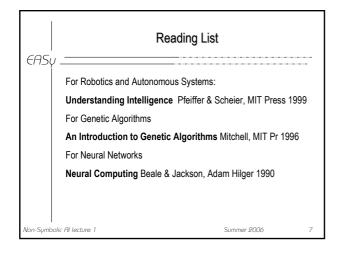






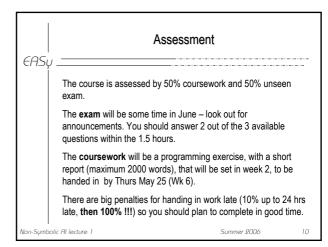
EASy	Seminar I	ists	
	Your groupings into the different sen shortly – and like everything else, will		unced
	www.informatics.susx.ac.uk/users/in	manh/non-symb	
	Week 2: Seminar based on Reading		
	Week 3: GA exercise	***	
	Week 4: Backprop ANN exercise	***	
	Week 5: Seminar based on Reading		
Non-Symb	polic Al lecture 1	Summer 2006	5

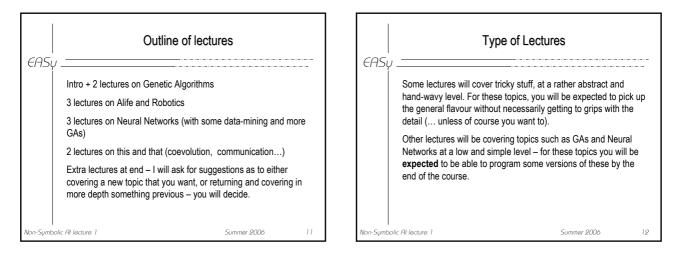


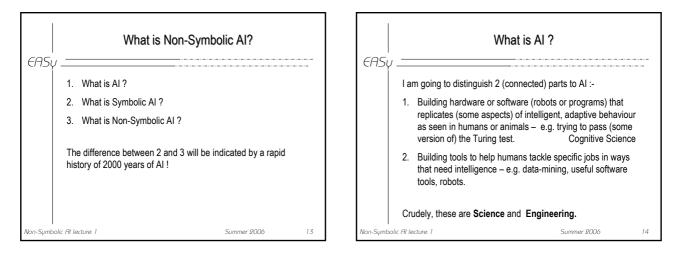


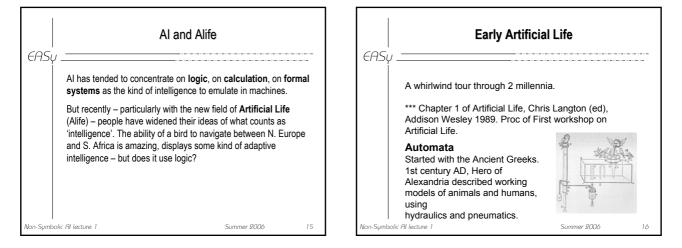
	Other Reading	
EASy		-
	Designing Autonomous Agents, P. Maes (MIT)	
	Artificial Life, C. Langton (MIT)	
	An Intro to Neural Networks, J. Anderson (MIT)	
	Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, CW Bishop (OUP)	
	Genetic Algorithms in Search D. Goldberg (Addison-Wesley)	
	From Animals to Animats (Series of conference proceedings for SAB conferences).	
Non-Symbo	lic Al lecture 1 Summer 2006 d	8

	Lecture Notes	
EASų.	can be got as a complete term pack from Celia in COGS Library	-
	and will also be posted on website	
	www.informatics.susx.ac.uk/users/inmanh/non-symb	
	These are <b>not</b> , however, a substitute for attending the lectures and seminars!	
Non-Symboli	c Al lecture 1 Summer 2006	9

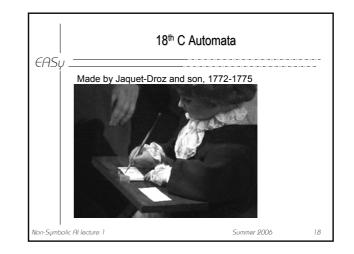


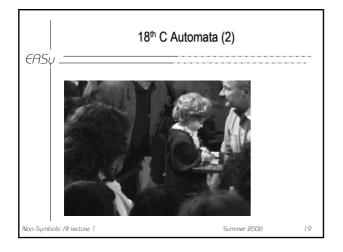


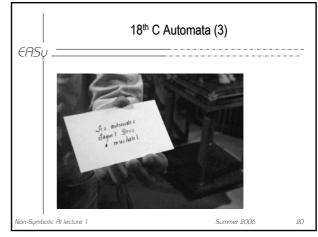


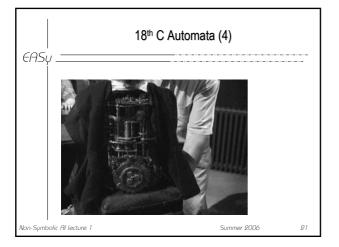


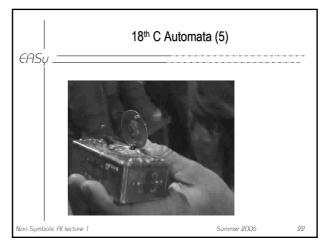
EASY	Middle Ag	ges	
	From around 14th Century AD, of clocks allowed more sophistic Early Alife quote: "For seeing life is but a motion of beginning whereof is in the princ why may we not say that all <i>Auto</i> that move themselves by springs doth a watch) have an <b>artificiall</b> Thomas Hobbes in <i>Leviathan</i> (16	ated automata. f Limbs, the ipal part within; <i>omata</i> (Engines s and wheeles as <b>life</b> ?"	
Non-Symb	olic Al lecture 1	Summer 2006	17



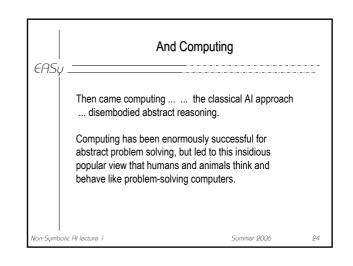




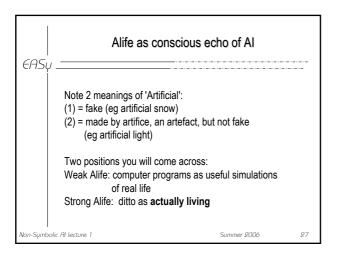


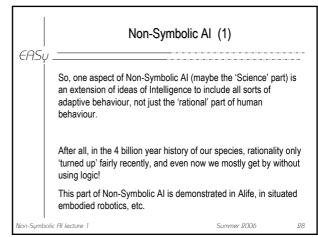


EAS	Jump to 20 C
	2nd World War – <b>Cybernetics</b> "the study of control and communication in the animal and machine" N Wiener. Aiming of anti-aircraft fire notion of <b>Feedback</b>
	A lot of important early work in Cybernetics in 1940/50s that got rather forgotten in the rise of <b>Computing</b> .
	Well worth searching for this early Cybernetics work I consider <b>Design for a Brain</b> , by <b>W Ross Ashby</b> , Wiley & Sons 1952, enormously important.
Non-Symb	olic Al lecture 1 Summer 2006 23

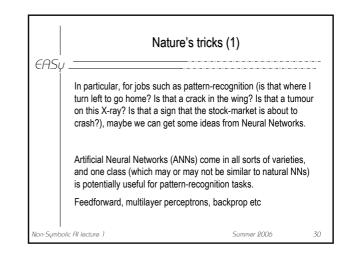


Embodied behaviour before abstract rationality	OK, so what is Artificial Life?
From several directions, particularly in the last decade, has come the realisation that humans are the product of 4 billion years of evolution, and only the last tiny fraction of this period has involved language and reasoning. If we dont understand the capacities of simple organisms, how can we hope to understand human capacities?	"Artificial Life is the study of man-made systems that exhibit behaviors characteristic of natural living systems. It complements the traditional biological sciences concerned with the <i>analysis</i> of living organisms by attempting to <i>synthesize</i> life- like behaviors within computers and other artificial media. By extending the empirical foundation upon which biology is based <i>beyond</i> the carbon-chain life that has evolved on Earth, Artificial Life can contribute to theoretical biology by locating <i>life-as-we-know-it</i> within the larger picture of <i>life-as-it-could-be.</i> "
Cf. Rod Brooks, robot subsumption architecture. This is one motive for doing A-life. (RB talk 14 May) Non-Symbolic Al lecture 2006 25	Chris Langton (in Proc. of first Alife conference)





EAS	Non-Symbolic AI (2)
	But there is a 2nd aspect to n-sAl (maybe the Engineering part). This comes from recognising that symbolic Al approaches to eg pattern recognition are useless in comparison to the ability of a migrating bird (that does not use symbols or logic)
	that the most complex bit of machinery humans have designed is trivial (in performance, in efficiency, in robustness) compared to even the simplest natural organism.
	So let's try and understand and borrow some of Nature's tricks.
Non-Symb	olic Al lecture 1 Summer 2006 29



(ASU	Nature's tric	ks (2)			EASu	Nature	e's tricks (3)	
	Another class of ANNs borrows from control – how sensors and motors a perception.						designing complex interacting ry Robotics borrows directly fro	m
	Dynamic Recurrent NNs					<b>o i</b> , <b>o</b>	rithms (GAs) are efficient searcl	
	Evolutionary Robotics					•••	lutions to intricate problems (ho etable without clashes? How ca	
	Brooks' subsumption architecture, th as an ANN, actually has some simila approach.	•	ibed			design an ANN for a robot bra	ain? How can I find a simple for rse that will win the 2:30 race a	mula
						Next lecture will be on GAs.		
l Non-Symbo	lic Al lecture 1	Summer 2006	31		Non-Symbo	lic Al lecture 1	Summer 2006	32
				-				

	Non-Symbolic Al
EHSŲ	
	More generally, (and with prejudice!):
	□Symbolic AI has its place, is crucially6 important for many machine learning techniques but has its limits as a model for how humans and animals actually behave
	□Non-Symbolic AI, Alife, Evolutionary and Adaptive Systems, this is where currently much of the interesting new ideas and research is
	□This is where there is currently a large demand for people with experience and skill.
 Non-Symboli	c All lecture 1 Summer 2006 33